Final exam, Olum Hadith virtual College, Summer, 1389

**I)                  Grammar: Which one is grammatically correct?**

Saba said to Mohammad "I have carried your bag today. Tomorrow, you should carry mine."

1.     What is the correct indirect speech of the direct speech above?

Saba said to Mohammad …………………

a.     she have carried his bag today. Tomorrow, he should have carried hers.

b.     she had carried his bag that day. Tomorrow, he should have carried mine.

c.      she have carried his bag that day. The next day, he should have carried hers.

d.     she had carried his bag that day. The next day, he should have carried hers.

On the garage door it was written "do not park your cars outside the garage!"

2.     What is the indirect speech of the sentence above?

On the garage door it was written ……………..

a.     not to park our cars outside the garage.

b.     not to park his cars outside the garage.

c.      that we don’t park our cars outside the garage.

d.     that don’t park your cars outside the garage.

3.     In which sentences all the verbs are used correctly?

In my country students ……………….

a.     would rather studying incorrectly.

b.     are not used to studying correctly.

c.      are made study wrongly.

d.     consider to study correctly such a waste of time and energy.

4.     "They asked a repairman to mend their hairdryer."

This sentence means: They ……the repairman …………….

a.     Thave/their hairdryer repaired.

b.     had/ to repair their hairdryer.

c.      got/ to repair their hairdryer.

d.     get/ repaired their hair dryer.

5.     "Mr. Kamran is the man in blue jeans. His car is parked over there."

These sentences mean Mr. Kamran ………………..

a.     who is blue jeans his car is parked over there.

b.     whom is in blue jeans has his car parked over there.

c.      that who is in blue jeans his car is parked over there.

d.     whose car is parked over there is the man in blue jeans.

6.     "Alice did not know that she had an exam today. Alice is a forgetful student."

It means that Alice ……..is a forgetful student did not know that she had an exam today.

a.     who

b.     whom

c.      whom

d.     who she

7.     "Martin is an active classmate. We have taken him as our group member."

It means that …

a.     Martin who we have taken him as our group member is an active classmate

b.     Martin is an active classmate who we have taken him as our group member.

c.      Martin whom we have taken as our group member is an active classmate.

d.     We have taken Martin as our group member whom is an active classmate.

8.     "Indians who mostly speak Hindustani are very warm and friendly with tourists."

The meaning of the sentence is that: Indians ………Hindustani are very warm and friendly with tourists.

a.     mostly speaking

b.     mostly who speak

c.      speaking

d.     mostly being

9.     "Somebody's bag is left in the room. They don’t tell us whom."

The sentences above have the same meaning as: They don’t tell us …………..in the room.

a.     whom has left bag

b.     whose bag is left

c.      who's bag is left

d.     who is bag left

10.                        "Because the weather got too hot, it didn't let the flowers live long."

This sentence is the same as: ……………….., the weather didn't let the flowers live long.

a.     Having got too hot

b.     Got too hot

c.      Getting too hot

d.     Had got become too hot

11.                        "Because he had parked his car in front of a Stop sign, he received a ticket."

This sentence means: ……….. his car in front of a Stop sign, he received a ticket.

a.     Having parked

b.     Parking

c.      Hading parked

d.     Had parked

12.                        "Mohsen was travelling to Mashhad from Tehran. He saw some old castles."

Which sentences is **NOT** correct: ……………. to Mashhad from Tehran, Mohsen saw some old castles.

a.     While traveling

b.     On traveling

c.      Through traveling

d.     After he traveled

**II)              Comprehension and Vocabulary: Read each text carefully, and then answer the questions following.**

**A)  Comprehension 1: This Is Me, The Promised One!**

The stranger answered: "It is me who shall fill the world with justice. This is me, God's true reason and proof for His servants." Suddenly the man began to tremble. He felt himself as a drop in an ocean of kindness. The twelfth Imam, Imam al-Mahdi then told him: "Close your eyes!" He closed his eyes and when he opened them, he found himself in front of his missing caravan. The moment he looked around to thank Imam al-Mahdi, he saw that he was gone.

13.                        What is the meaning of the word "justice" in line 1?

a.     Choosing the correct things

b.     Bad deeds

c.      Good and bad deeds

d.     Choosing the wrong things

14.                        What is the meaning of the word "proof" in line 2?

a.     Imam

b.     evidence

c.      truth

d.     idea

15.                        What happened when he heard Imam Mahdi Aj?

a.     He didn’t pay attention.

b.     He escaped.

c.      He liked to listen, but he didn’t.

d.     He started shaking.

16.                        What does the pronoun he in line 4 refer to?

a.     The man who controlled the caravan

b.     Imam Mahdi Aj

c.      The man who was lost

d.     The promised one

**B)   Comprehension 2: Footprints on the Moon**

The first thing the men found out was that the Moon is covered with dust. The dust is so thick that the men left footprints where they walked. Those were the first marks a living thing had ever made on the moon. And they could stay there for years and years. There is no wind or rain to wipe them off.

17.                        What is the meaning of the word "footprint" in line 2?

a.     It is printing with ones foot instead of using printing machines.

b.     It is the mark of the foot left on the ground after walking.

c.      It's a new technology to take people to the Moon.

d.     It is the first thing people took to the Moon.

18.                        According to the text . . .

a.     They discovered water on the Moon the first thing.

b.     They discovered footprints before they found dust.

c.      They discovered dust the first thing.

d.     They discovered water and dust on the surface of the Moon.

19.                        Which sentence is correct according to the text?

a.     They left footprints on the surface of the Moon because it was full of thick dust.

b.     The surface of the Moon was hard, but they left footprints when they walked.

c.      The surface of the Moon was dust, but they didn’t leave footprints when they walked.

d.     They didn’t leave footprints on the Moon, because the surface was hard.

20.                        Why the footprints will stay on the Moon for years?

a.     Because their shoes were heavy.

b.     Because the surface of the Moon was soft.

c.      Because there were a lot of mountains on the Moon.

d.     Because there was no rain or wind in the Moon.

21.                        What does the pronoun "there" in line 3 refer to?

a.     On the Moon

b.     In the rain

c.      On the Earth

d.     Back at the Moon-craft

**C)  Comprehension 3: The Quran on Mountains**

Modern earth sciences have proven that mountains have deep roots under the surface of the ground and that these roots can reach several times their elevation above the surface of the ground. So the most suitable word to describe mountains on the basis of this information is the word *peg*. The history of science tells us that the theory of mountains having deep roots was introduced only in the latter half of the nineteenth century.

22.                        What is the meaning of the word "have proven" in the first line?

a.     have shown

b.     have examples

c.      have seen

d.     have asked

23.                        What does the adjective "their" in line 2 refer to?

a.     mountains

b.     pegs

c.      earth

d.     mountain roots

24.                        Modern Science has shown that . . .

a.     Quran is a book sent by God.

b.     Mountains have pegs on them.

c.      Mountains have roots beneath the earth.

d.     Quran does not say anything about the mountains.

25.                        According to the history of science when was the theory of mountains having deep roots has been introduced first?

a.     When Quran was revealed.

b.     In the 19 century

c.      19 years after Prophet saww

d.     19 centuries after prophet saww

26.                        How long is a "century" [in line 6]?

a.     30 days

b.     3 months

c.      4 seasons

d.     100 years

**D)  Comprehension 4: A Typical Manager's Desk**

Managers often have desks that are surprisingly empty! These empty desks can show that the manager often travels and is out of the office most of the time. An empty desk can also demonstrate how powerful the manager is. Sometimes, in the USA, you can see footmarks on the desk because some managers like to put their feet up on the desk when they are talking on the telephone! In the States, managers put their feet up on the desk to show that they are in control in their office. Managers usually have a laptop computer on their desk. In fact, this laptop computer is their true desk. These days, most managers do almost all their work on their laptops. Another thing you might find is a cell phone - another sign of the activity most managers want.

*(From: http://esl.about.com/library/beginner/bl\_beginner\_read\_manager.htm)*

27.                        Managers usually have . . . . . . . on their desks.

a.     A fax

b.     A telephone

c.      A laptop computer

d.     A vase of flower

28.                        What does empty desks show?

a.     Power

b.     Laziness

c.      Cleanness

d.     Technology

29.                        Why do we see footmarks on a manger's desk?

Because they want to

a.     to walk on their desks

b.     show they can control everything.

c.      touch the ceiling.

d.     make it dirty and have fun.

30.                        What does the word "demonstrate" in line 3 mean?

a.     Show

b.     March

c.      Say

d.     Ask

31.                        What does the pronoun "they" refer to in line 6?

a.     Laptop computers

b.     Cell phones

c.      Secretaries

d.     Managers

32.                        Why do managers use their laptops?

a.     To say they are powerful.

b.     To do most of their work.

c.      To say they are in control in their offices.

d.     To travel to other countries.

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